MAMMOTH SHEET, AT DOLLARS PER YEAR, NVARIABLY IN ADVANCE II P Address, Post-paid, LARRABEE & COTTOM.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1856.

Union is a fundamental principle in our federative system—a principle embodied in the constitution, as the basis upon which the American Union rests.

Who originated and control the plan, upon originated and control the plan, upon the furnished by Messrs. Whitfield and Reeder, out originated and control the plan, upon the furnished by Messrs. Whitfield and Reeder, out originated and control the plan, upon the furnished by Messrs. Whitfield and Reeder, out originated and control the plan, upon the furnished by Messrs. Whitfield and Reeder, out originated and control the plan, upon the furnished by Messrs. Whitfield and Reeder, out of t

the original slave-holding States have since with the original States in all respects what- vast moneyed corporation for the purpose of order to insure protection to themselves and abolished and prohibited slavery within their soever.

laws upon which all their rights and liberties veys of the public lands, for securing preemption rights to actual settlers, for the establishment of land offices in the several dellars."

that "the said corporation shall not hold real estate in this commonwealth (Massachusetts) to an amount exceeding twenty thousand dellars."

the United States to interiers with seridom in Russia, or polygamy in Turkey, or any other obnoxious institution in any part of the world. The same principle of action, when dellars." States and Territories, for exposing the lands dollars." to private and public sale, for issuing patents The third section provided for dividing the all the kingdoms, and empires, and despot-

These needful rules and regulations may ritories, wherever the United States may be stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the owner of the lands or other property to lifty votes on shares held by himself, nor more than tive branch of the government, including the person to the Governor. the owner of the lands or other property to lifty votes on shares held by himself, nor more army and navy, to enforce them, in restrain. The proclamation also, provides that "In the proclamation also, provides the proclamation also, provides that "In the proclamation also, provides that "In the proclamation also, provides the proclam tion, whether the "territory, or other property distinctly declare that the company was ligations of each State and Territory of this election district, they shall make a written belonging to the United States," shall be formed for the purpose of controlling the do-Union be less imperative under the federal statement, directed to the Governor, and setsituated in Ohio or Kansas, in Alabama or Minnesota, in California or Oregon; the power of Congress to make needful rules and regulation of slavery in her constitution, regardable the States and Territories? Non-interspect to the domestic institutions of the propole as the States and Territories? Non-interspect to the domestic institutions of the several States and Territories? Non-interspect to the conducting or returning of the several States and Territories? Non-interspect to the conducting or returning of the several States and Territories? extend only to the tracts of land to which the United States possess the title, and must cease in respect to each tract the instant it was its object.

world could not be maintained for a single day without it. How, then, can we hope to preserve peace and fraternal feelings among the different portions of this republic, unless decide such complaint."

By reference to the executive journal of becomes private property by purchase from the United States. It will scarcely be contended that Congress possesses the power to largelate for the neonle of those States in largelate for the neonle of those States in which public lands may be located, in respect to their internal affairs and domestic

mind that this clause of the constitution con- S. Williams, Cambridge: Eli Thaver, Worces- Kansas, the violence of their language, fers upon Congress the same power to make ter needful rules and regulations in the States as it does in the Territories, concerning the ter-PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING ON A ritory or other property belonging to the

ments for the people of the Territories from definite information in regard to this partieu- gress of events, until they became the settle Douglas' report on Kansas affairs, which we necessity, arising outside of the constitution, and not provided for in that instrument.—

Setts to that place in the west which the trust settlement. *

The recommended that the company's agents and carry into effect a system of emigration of the company's agents.

It is recommended that the company's agents and carry into effect a system of emigration of the company's agents. commence to-day, and which will be continued in the Daily of to-morrow, and the next day, and which will all appear in the Weekly of Thursday. It presents a plain, straight forward, and full account of the straight forward, and full account of the whole question at issue. It will do good

The Kansas Question.

Report of Hon. Stephen A. Douglas to the Separate of the l'uited States, March 12 1856.

The Power of Congress to organize Territories, by instituting temporary governments, must be traced directly to some provision of the constitution conferring the authority in express terms, principles upon which new States may be admitted and Territories organized under the authority of the constitution of the United States.

There is reason to suppose several thousand men of New Eugland origin propose to emigrate under the auspices of some such arrangement this very summer. Of the whole emigration of operations, there can be no difficulty in inducing some thirty or forty thousand to take the same or as a means necessary and proper to carry into effect some one or more of the powers at the power of service in the property and domestic security did not depend upon the men of New Eugland origin propose to emigrate under the auspices of some such arrangement this very summer. Of the whole emigration of operations, excited, by a sense of command directly in inducing some thirty or forty thousand to take the same direction.

States, Whose internal prosperty and domestic security did not depend upon the men of New Eugland origin propose to emigrate under the auspices of some such arrangement this very summer. Of the whole emigration of operations, excited, by a sense of command directly in inducing some thirty or forty thousand to take the same direction.

States, Whose internal prosperty and domestic security did not depend upon the men of New Eugland origin propose to emigrate under the auspices of some such arrangement this very summer. Of the whole emigration in general properation in the internal properties in the success of the movement; which the other than the success of the men of New Eugland origin propose to emigrate under the auspices of some such arrangement this very summer. Of the auspices of some such arrangement this

authorizes the admission of new States. This sanction their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on their proceedings, in perversion of the large number of emigrants on the large numbe 10th amendment: "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to power, however, being an incident to an extinction of the power and proper for the best power and proper for the power and p prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

A State of the federal Union is a sovereign power, limited only by the constitution of limited on limit the United States.

The limitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—aplimitations which that instrument has a constant to the feature of the feat The limitations which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—applicable alike to all the States, old and new. There is no authority for putting a restriction upon the sovereignty of a new State, which who see any limitation which that instrument has imposed are few, specific, and uniform—applicable alike to all the States, old and new. There is no authority for putting a restriction upon the sovereignty of a new State with the original States, or the plan adopted w. to make it the principles of the Kanse and Nebraska sufficient to give him as valid a right to be intensity, induced a corresponding effort to which poll gave the majority to the opposing the place and day of the first at those who were being imposed are few, specific, and uniform—applicable alike to all the States, old and new. There is no authority for putting a restriction upon the sovereignty of a new State with the original States, or the plane adopted w. to make it the principles of the Kanse and Nebraska sufficient to give him as valid a right to be intensity, induced a corresponding effort to which poll gave the majority to the opposing the place and day of the first at those who were being imposed at least an equal number, to connteract the proposed State with the original States, or the place and day of the first at those who were being intensity, induced a corresponding to the opposing the grain and the exclusion of the original States, or the place and a least an equal number, to connteract the proposed it intensity, induced a corresponding to the place and day of the first the apprehended result of this new important the place and states or the place and of the original States, or the place and the exclusion of the original states are the place and states are the principles of the kanse and Nebraska and Nebraska and Nebraska and the exclusion of the original states are the place and states are the place and the constitution has not placed on the original States. Indeed, if such a restriction could be imposed on any State, it would be imposed on any State, it would be a state within the means of carrier of the states and in the constitution, and the constitution on the sories and a cquire whatever residence of the company to produce at the constitution, and the constitution on the sories and a state independently of each other."

Territory, where the lands have not been able to under the auspices of the company to produce at the candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the general decision on the sories and the candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the general decision, and where there was no marks or in the candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the candidates receiving the highest number of votes at the candidates receiving the h could be imposed on any State, it would instantly cease to be a State within the meaning of the federal constitution, and, in consequences of the inequality, would assimilate to the condition of a province or dependency.

Territory may be necessary and proper as a dence, and do whatever acts might be left the provision of the surveys should gal votes on the 30th of March; but, from the constitution, and, in consequences of information action, and through the ballot-box, if possible, to gain control over the legislation of the territory, to go behind the relative to gain control over the legislation of the territory. This movement is justified by those the consequences of such as the point before they removed, and though the surveys should gal votes on the 30th of March; but, from the constitution for the admission of new States, and when exercised with reference to gain control over the legislature was clothed until after the surveys should gal votes on the 30th of March; but, from the constitution of recollecting the constitution of the territory to gain control over the legislature was clothed with legitimate to be made, disputes, quarrels, violence and the most reliable sources of information actions, and through the surveys should gal votes on the 30th of March; but, from the constitution of the territory to gain control over the legislature was clothed with legitimate to the most reliable sources of information actions, and through the surveys should gal votes on the 30th of March; but, from the constitution of the territory to gain control over the legislature was clothed until after the surveys should gal votes on the 30th of March; but, from the constitution of the territory and quarter sections, and dence, and down the elections, and quarter sections, and dence, an the condition of a province or dependency.

Hence, equality among all the States of the Union is a fundamental and inevitable consequences of such Union is a

of slavery for itself—to continue it as a domestic institution so long as it pleased, and to
abolish it when it chose.

The chief doctor is the chief condition, such as has fined our new States
and Territories, where each individual has
gone, on his own account, to improve his contion and secure good homes for their families,
ity to the federal constitution, they may be
dition and that of his family. But it is a

were compelled to array themselves under In pursuance of this reserved right, six of admitted into the Union on an equal footing very different thing where a State creates a the banner of one of these hostile parties, in

limits respectively, without consulting Con- The act of Congress for the organization of tinet political community fifteen hundred lence of the other. gress or their sister States, while the other six the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska was miles distant, and sends out the emigrants have retained and sustained it as a domestic institution, which, in their opinion, had become so firmly engrafted on their social systems, that the relation between the master of Kansas and Rectaska was miles distant, and sends out the emigrants only as a means of accomplishing its paramental principle of tems, that the relation between the master equality among all the States of the Union, dollars invested in houses and lands, in merand slave could not be dissolved with safety, notwithstanding the restriction contained in chandise and mills, in cannon and rifles, in received the votes of men of all parties to either. In the meantime, eighteen new the 8th section of the act of March 6, 1820, powder and lead—in all the implements of were in favor of the principles of the Ka States have been admitted into the Union, in obedience to the federal constitution, on an equal footing with the original States, including, of course, the right of each to decide the line, of slavery for themselves, provided into the Union, in the Union, which assumed to deny to the question of the January of the Janua question of slavery for itself. In deciding they should make their homes and organize this question, it has so happened that nine of these new States have abolished and prohibited slavery, while the other nine have retained and regulated it. That these new States had at the time of their demission, and stockholders, who are authorized through it rectors and stockholders, who are authorized by their charter to vote by proxy to the extended through it they should make their homes and organize by their charter to vote by proxy to the extended through it they should make their homes and organize by their charter to vote by proxy to the extended through it that it had been produced by the following the treatment of their emigrant and companie that it had been produced by the following the treatment of their emigrant and companie that it had been produced by the following the treatment of the tentors and stockholders, who are authorized through it stockholders, who are authorized by their charter to vote by proxy to the extent of fifty votes each, enters a distant and the fifty votes each, still retain, an equal right, under the federal cise language of the compromise measures of fearful import how far the operations of the overnwed and outnumbered and outnumbe constitution, with the original States, to decide all questions of domestic policy for themselves, including that of African slavery, ought not to be seriously questioned, and certainly cannot be successfully controverted.

Cise language of the compromise measures of constitutions of the overawed and outsumbered and They are all subject to the same supreme Again, after declaring the said 8th section of authorize any act concerning or affecting the found that Governor Reeder, in obedier law, which, by the consent of each, consti- the Missonri act (sometimes called the Mis- Territories, which it might not enact in ref- what he considered to be a duty enjoint. tutes the only limitation upon their sovereign souri compromise, or Missouri restriction,) in- erence to any other State. operative and void, as being repugnant to Power of congress to organize territory, on the 10th day of Novement these principles, the purpose of Congress, in so much enamored with their own peculiar 1854, issued a proclamation, prescribing

onstitution, than to allow them to decide the the Union and states."

The language of this clause is much more appropriate when applied to property then persons. It would seem to have been employed for the purpose of conferring upon the Union had been early being the Union and twenty-six representatives when the persons the power of disposing of the purpose of conferring upon the legislature. The major of the Union had done, and must retain the problemation, summoning these thirties of the Union appropriate when applied to property than twenty-six representatives when the legislature was to be composed. On the Union had done, and must retain the slavet summaring these flictions, summoning these thirties of the Union had done, and must retain the slavet summaring the election, and whom we shall be maintened to the legislature was to be composed. On the Union had done, and must retain the slavet summaring the election, and whom we shall be maintened to the legislature. The major conferring upon commanding where the proposing said threat of the Union had done, and must retain the slavet summaring these flictions, the union in the legislature was to be composed. On the Union had done, and must retain the slavet summaring these flictions, the union is slavery of the sumbers of the Union had done, and must retain the slavery of the legislature. The major conferring upon commanding where the live to have come into the principles of the union summoning these thirts and the maintened the season at the legislature. The major conferring upon commanding where the land the retain to said Territory on the edit of the Union had done, and must retain the slavery of the Egislature. The major conferring upon commanding where the proposing said threat of the Union had done, and must retain the slavery of the Egislature. The major conferring upon commanding the first the union of the Union had the states should not the Union had the union that the sumbers of the Union had the proposed at the Union had the union that the said threa

and regulations for that purpose, rather than to govern the people who might purchase to govern the people who might purchase those lands from the United States and become residents thereon. The word "territory" was an appropriate expression to design a proper than the same propose. The word "territory" was an appropriate expression to design and proper than the same propose. The word "territory" was an appropriate expression to design as that large area of public lands of which we are at peace. Indeed, every State of the Union, to include the improvements where the superintendent of the councilment and nine representatives to the conditions, of the Union to control the political destinitions of the Union to control the political three councilment and nine representatives to the conditions of the Union, to include the improvements where the superintendent of the destinitions of the Union, to include the improvements where the superintendent of the conditions of the Union to control the political three councilment and nine representatives to the candidates whom they believed to have been upon the said served by your form the united states of the State of Territory of the Union, to include the improvements where the superintendent of the control the candidates whom they believed to have been upon the candidates whom they believed to have obstitute and form and regulate the domestic in the said Territory."

The same proclamation pointed out in destinguished the superintendent of the control that the said Territory."

The same proclamation pointed out in destinguished the superintendent of the control that the said Territory. The same proclamation pointed out in destinguished the said Territory. The same proclamation pointed out in destinguished the said Territory. The same proclamation pointed out in destinguished the said Territory. The same proclamation pointed out in the calcium that the control the control the Union is underly to the said that the the said Territory. The same proclamation pointed out in the sa nate that large area of public lands of which the United States had become the owner by virtue of the Revolution and the cession by the several States. The additional words "or other property belonging to there property belonging to the United States of Celearly show that the term "territory" was used in its ordinary geographical sense to designate the public domain, and not not to the State of Massachusetts, in the State of Massachusetts, in the State of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the majority recomment, and surround the member of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the confict had been duly administered by the successor by him, and, after the one of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the conficted had been duly administered by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the conficted had been duly administered by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the conflict had been duly administered by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the conflict had been duly administered by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the conflict had been duly administered by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Judges of the Judges of the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the conflict had been duly administered by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the color of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the fedicary than the laws of fitted by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the fedicary than the laws of fitted by the successor having arrived, Secretary Wood-off the Judges of the Shawne Baptist Church, including the fedi made a corporation, by the name of the tional obligation to obey the constitution, shall examine the voter, or any other peras descriptive of the whole body of the people, constituting a distinct political commumade a corporation, by the name of the tional obligation to obey the constitution, shall examine the voter, or any other perple, constituting a distinct political commumade a corporation, by the name of the tional obligation to obey the constitution, shall examine the voter, or any other perpointed a committee who waited on the Govnal of the House, which was accordingly done in the following words:

and confirming titles, and, in short, for making all needful rules and regulations for making all needful rules and regulations for mode time and common in America, as protecting and disposing of the public domain mode, time, and amounts in which assess an institution quite as obnoxious to them as shall seal them up in the box, and carefully seem to demand, although no expressed requireand other property belonging to the United ments might be made on each share. The fourth and last section was in these ple of the United States.

Secretary-Thomas H. Webb. Bon For the purpose of answering numerous communications concerning the plan of operations

whole question at issue. It will do good reasons for enlarging the authority of the stockholders, and that they then select a the two rival and conflicting movements conservice in refuting the lies, and correcting federal government, by amendments to the new field, and make similar arrangements for sists in the fact that the one had its origin

American Union rests.

African slavery existed in all the colonies, under the sanction of the British government,

The election was held in obedience to the own party, and at the same time prevent personnel. The election was held in obedience to the own party, and at the same time prevent personnel. controlling the domestic institutions of a dis. their claims against the aggressions and vio-

sanctioned by our example, would authorize counted, be again deposited in the box, to

difference, under this clause of the constitu-tion, whether the "territory, or other property distinctly declare that the company was

THE COMPLAINT OF INTERFERENCE FROM MIS-

of those States. Yet it should be borne in Trustees-Amos A. Lawrence, Boston; J. M. of Missouri in large numbers on their way to Here follows a list of the votes cast for

the unmistakable indications of their de Territory, showing that mined heatility to the domestic institutions

of the State, created apprehensions that the object of the company was to abolition United States.

In view of these considerations, your committee are not prepared to affirm that Congress derives authority to institute govern-W MORNING, MARCH 24, 1856.

Y MORNING, MARCH 24, 1856.

Kansas Affairs.

Kansas Affairs.

Cur friends be sure to read Mr.

Indianapous, ind.

Indi

the misrepresentations so pertinaciously circulated by the unscrupulous enemies of Democracy.

The Kansas Question.

federal government, by amendments to the constitution, in the mode prescribed in that instrument in the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of another free constitution, in the mode prescribed in that the settlement and organizations of the set

domestic slavery is to any portion of the peo- preserve the same until called for by the Governor of said Territory, in the event of

polled at the election held on the 29th of No concerns, merely because the United States may be so fortunate as to own a portion of a scription of Kansas, for the information of emiliated societies, passed through the State ticts were as follows, to wit."

When the emigrants sent out by the limits of the Emigrant Aid Company, and their appeared that the votes in the said several distributions of the State ticts were as follows, to wit."

Here follows a list of the votes cast for

one received heb votes. From this message, as well as from all the tion was also adopted by both Houses: the same page is the following official acts of the Governor preceding it, "Resolved, That a committee of three be temporarily, within the lines of a military

owhere appears that General Whitas ever contested. It does not appear ten qualified voters of the Territory" in stated," to "dispute the fairness or mess of the returns " or to "set forth cause of complaint or errors in the

cting or returning of the election" one of the seventeen districts of the Terry. Certain it is, that there could not given to the persons holding such certificate." which he says: e been a system of fraud and violence h as has been charged by the agents and oporters of the Emigrant Aid Societies, un-

prior to the Declaration of Independence. Conforming to the spirit of the grant from When the constitution of the United States which it receives its validity, must leave the a right as any other citizens to vote at the which the constitution of fundependence. When the constitution of the United States was adopted, it presents the form and regulate their bond of union between twelve slave-holding state; each of slavery for itself—to continue it as a domestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to mestic institution so long as it pleased, and to method of Government for the opposite party from which prescribed the mode of proceeds which the flore of Government for the Opposite party from which prescribed the mode of proceeds which the mode of sovernment for the opposite party from which prescribed the mode of fovernor; which the officients of rights of all the opposite party from and regulate their transfer of the proceed of such states, asking the editions and participate in the control of the orights of the proceed of sights of the United States, they had as good to the opposite party in the officients of rights of the proceed of sights of the proceed of the proceed of the states of the proceed of the states of the proceed of the proceed of the proceed of the states of the proceed of the proceed of the opposite party in the ellipsia of the proceed of the proceed of the opposite party in the orights of the proceed of th

The large growth of the sight to the constitution, and the size of the constitution and the constitution are the constitution and the constitution are the constitution and the constitution are the constitution and the same desired, as well-asset the same desired, as desired in stitution as to conceive the policy and the same desired, as well-asset th

nity, who have no representation in Congress, and consequently no voice in making the West; and for this purpose of assisting emigrants to settle in the following words:

| Consequently no voice in making the lands of the words and consequently no voice in making the lands of citizens of the United States. The Rev. have all the powers and privileges, and be in incorporating a mammoth company to in- close, the judges shall open and count the ized, and are now ready to proceed to busi- the House of Representatives o Kansas Territo- to remove the seat of government temporatily. Thomas Johnson, who was president of the

> To the Honorable the Council and House ment of it is to be found in the act of Congress tains a message from the governor to the which has brought us into official existence, If our obligations arising under the laws of its correctness being contested; and that the and prescribed our official duties.

be embraced, and usually are found, in general laws applicable alike to States and Territories, wherever the United States may be

"At all meetings of the stockholders, each one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote that no stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the laws and institutions, and moulding the ritories, wherever the United States may be
stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws of the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws of the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast more than the laws of the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the laws and institutions, and moulding the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to cast one vote the stockholder shall be entitled to ca aphical center of our vast and magnificent by which we have assumed, and admonish transcended its authority under the organic section of the same act provides that "the perep and solemn sense of the heavy responsito lay aside all selfish and equivocal mo- act, in adopting this particular measure, and sons thus elected to the Legislative Assembly which our organic law allots to the legislative to lay aside all selfish and equivocal moes, to discard all unworthy ends, and, in the
argues against its expediency on the score of
the Governor shall appoint' for the first meetit of justice and charity to each other, with
the loss of time and money in removing
the hearts, tempered feelings, and sober judgto a different place during the session he
the loss of time and money in removing
the hearts, tempered feelings, and sober judgto a different place during the session he
the loss of time and money in removing
the hearts, tempered feelings, and sober judgto a different place during the session he
the loss of time and money in removing
the session is and secondly, "because it will inthe Governor shall appoint' for the first meeting. These two provisions, being parts of the
tagged and the session is a session; "and secondly, "because it will inthe Governor shall appoint to the first meeting. These two provisions, being parts of the of Congress to make needful rules and regu-lations is the same in the States and Terri-tories, to the extent that the title is vested in the United States. Inasmuch as the right of the United States are rests exclusively up-on the fact of ownership, it is obvious it can extend only to the tracts of land to which the United States possess the title, and must certen united States possess the title, and must certen to make at the specific cause of complaint or respect to the domestic institutions of the several States and Territories? Non-inter-legislation in such cases rests exclusively up-on the fact of ownership, it is obvious it can extend only to the tracts of land to which the United States possess the title, and must certen only to the tracts of land to which the United States and States and Territories? Non-inter-legislation in such cases rests exclusively up-on the fact of ownership, it is obvious it can extend only to the tracts of land to which the United States possess the title, and must certen and underhabel that such well designed and only in removing to a different place and money in removing respect to the domestic institutions of the several States and Territories? Non-inter-lease our serves to our task, that the start that of the classification in said district, states to the right of the uniform the traction is said district, state to several States and Territories? Non-inter-less our accommodation." As an offset form it in the dunion of the tracts of the right of the district state is recognized by not less states and territories? Non-inter-lease our serves to our task, that the start that of the uniform to repair to the district, state to several states and Territories? Non-inter-lease our serves to our task, that the start that of the uniform to remove the district, state to several states and territories? Non-inter-section in said district, state to several states as constitution of the training to the constitution of the training to the district state to several states in the f

onired from France, and advises the legis. standing." to pass such laws as the public interest require upon all appropriate subjects

the organization of the malitia, as subjects Tearstory." r, under the seal of the Territory, i-sued that the two houses were spurious and fraud- sas, "

"Resolved, That all persons who may desire tive functions. to contest the seals of any person how holding certificates of election as members of this house, may present their protests to the Committee on Credentials, and that notice thereof shall be given to the persons holding such certificate."

On the 21st of July a message was received from the Governor of said Territory."

Mr. Lowry, directed "To the House of Representatives of the Territory of Kansas," in with that clause of the organic act which

their guiding-star, they have arrived at the congressional election by frauding the conclusions which they proceed to elucidate and violence, was circulated throughout the free States, and made the basis of the most inflammatory appeals to all men opposed to the members present, were permitted to requestion at great length, whether the Legislation at great length, whether the legislature of and Territory shall have which are specifically delegated. Is not the organization of a Territory eminently necessities of the constitution (section 3, article 4) provides that "new Stales may be admitted by the Congress of this Union."

A riche 16 Congress of this Union."

A riche 16 Congress of this Union.

The constitution of the United States, and made the basis of the most and an emforce in a lengthly report. From this message of the 6th inst."

The constitution (section 3, article 4) provides that "new Stales may be admitted by the Congress of this Union."

A riche 16 Congress of this Union.

The constitution of the United of the constitution of the United States.

The constitution of the United of the constitution of the United of Territory eminently necessities of its intervity of the constitution of the United States.

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The constitution of the United of the Congress of the fit intervity of the constitution of the United States.

The cons

tion. The proposition is thus stated in the lows:

to be spread upon the journal of this house.

MISSION.

"House of Representative of the Territory of Kansas," returning "house bill entitled Leavenworth; and that such portions of the into the expediency of the removal of the 'An act to remove the seat of government public buildings as may not be actually used seat of Government, for the reason that it School, in the Territory of Kansas, together with his objections." While the governor in assigning his reasons for returning the lic purposes as may be required under the probill, labors to prove that the Legislature had visions of this act;" and the twenty-second expediency of the measure were: first, " the

nment of the existing law" in the Ter- 'vote in each branch of the Legislature, and ment, with the view of using some of the puby, proceeds to trace the history of all thus became the law of the land; "the objective buildings, to designate as the place some consequence of the removal from Pawnes ion affecting it since the country was tions of the Governor to the contrary notwith-

tion of judicial and ministerial offi- D. 1855, to meet again on Monday, the 16th worth, as provided in the organic act. ication, taxes, revenues, the location day of July, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the In view of the fact that the Secretary of

hight to a seat by virtue of that electhe people of Kansas.

That in the people of Kansas.

That in the event that the Shawnee Manual-Labor School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the School known as "That in the event that the school known as "That in the event that the school known as "That in the event that the school known as "That in the event that the school known as "That in the event that the school known as "That in the event that the school known as "That in the event the school kno That in the event that the Secretary of War School, known as Shawnee Mission, and proceeded to the discharge of their legislative duties. In the mean-military service to furnish a sufficient portion written statement directed to the Gov-with an affidavit' of one or more fied voters to the "truth of the facts" of the facts of the fa

On the 4th day of July, (being the third day of the session,) the majority of the comis the Governor and judges of election reported that "HAVING HEARD AND EXAMINED to prepared to assume a fact so disreputable to them, and so improbable upon the state of facts presented, without specific charges and lirect proof. In the absence of all proof and probable truth, the charge that the Misson that the Control of the Shawnee Manual and the Congress, passed on the 20th day of May, in the year 1854, organizing the lirect proof. In the absence of all proof and probable truth, the charge that the Misson their guiding-star, they have arrived at the live members, and taking the organizing the life town of Atchison, in Kansas Territory, without my approval. I see nothing in the bill themselves to prevent my sanction of them, and my reasons for disapproval have been doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard doubtless anticipated by you, as necessarily further appropriation of twenty-live thousard further appropriation of them. mittee, including four of the five members, the sale of intoxicating liquors and games of reported that "HAVING HEARD AND EXAMINED chance within one mile of the Shawnee Manual-

been withheld by the Governor, upon the is in centravention of the act of Congress, and legislature, in the selection of the place; ground of irregularity in the election returns where they have no right to sit, and can make leaving the Governor to perform his whole

The minority report dissents from the reasoning, and protests against the conclusions of the majority, and affirms the right of the sitting members to retain their seats. of the sitting member to retain their seats, them, they appointed a joint committee of the Those who seek to find some tenable upon the ground that the Covernor's certifi-cate was not merely prima-facie evidence, but sident of the United States, asking his remo-of the legislative acts of Kansas, seeing that

arrived for the Governor to canvass the re-turns, and issue certificates to the persons elected, it appeared that protests had been filed against the fairness of the proposition is thus stated in the lows:

"In conclusion, we charge the Governor, A. November 7, 1825, and of August 8, 1831, body has the right to go behind the decision

H. Reeder, with willul neglect of the interests with the Shawness of Missouri and Ohio, a elected, it appeared that protests had been filed against the fairness of the proceedings and the correctness of the returns, in seven out of the eighteen election districts into which the Territory had been divided for election purposes, alleging fraudulent and illegal voting by persons who were not actual settlers and qualified voters of the Territory. It also appears that in some of the settlers and qualified voters of the committee of great detected cases the form of the oath administered to the judges, and of the returns made by them, were not in conformity to the proclathem, were not in conformity to the procla-mation of the Governor. After a careful in-vestigation of the facts of each case, as pre-sented by the returns of the judges, and the protests and allegations of all persons who protests and allegations of all persons who disputed the fairness of the election and the correctness of the returns, the Governor to withhold certificates from some who, from the number of votes from some who, from the number of votes from the conclusion that it was his duty time appear to have been properly elected. The set aside the election in these seven distance of the election in these seven distance of the conclusion in these seven distance of the said time appear to have been properly elected. The effect of which was to be other, to have been the ground as in duty bound, we will the Tarritory it is assumed that the Shawnee puted districts; the effect of which was, to on which he presented a certificate in one Territory. And, as in duty bound, we will the Territory, it is assumed that the Shawnee

tion in reference to other districts." But while the minority report affirms the right of the flower of the fermion and one representative to issue to different persons than those returned as elected by the judget. Accordingly the Governor issued his writs for special elections, to be held on the 24th of May, to fill those vacancies, and, at the same that the Governor's decision, as evinced by the granted certificates of election to eleven the content of the flower of the f time, granted certificates of election to eleven councimen and seven representatives, whose election had not been contested, and whom election had not been contested, and whom by either branch of the Territorial legislature.

That the Governor's decision, as evinced by chase of Kansas half-breed lands, and report time, granted certificates of election to eleven his certificate, was final and conclusive, and especially the undertaking of sunder persons, age of the Kansas-Nebraska act,) a treaty yourself included, to lay out new cities on military or other reservations in the Territory of first article of which all the lands granted that the Governor's decision, as evinced by chase of Kansas-Nebraska act,) a treaty of the councillary of the counc

nied the validity of their acts, solely upon the out roads and public highways across the Inground that they were enacted in the serong dian lands, on the same terms as the law place, it becomes material to inquire whether it provides for their location through the lands would depend, if it were conceded that Congress had the general and unlimited power to make all "needful rules and regulations concerning" their internal affairs and domestic concerns. It is under this concerns the concerns. It is under this concerns the concerns. It is under this clause of the company to five continuous of the concerns. It is under this clause of the concerns, by Mr. Illigains, the continuous of the concerns this house who has received and if the tally-list shall agree to this house who has received and if the tally-list shall agree, the judges shall open and count that question in any State of the tally-list shall agree to grant a constitution of the the public last this house of action would authorize the fluence and control that question in any State of the tally-list shall agree, the judges and if the tally-list shall agree to this house of action would authorize the fluence and control that question in incorporating the said the provision in any State of the tally-list shall agree, the judges and if the tally-list shall agree of the the continuous of this house of action would authorize the fluence and co public interests and convenience may require exercise of their legislative functions. of Representatives of the Territory of Kansas:

Having been duly notified that your respective bodies have organized for the performance of your official functions, I herewith submit to you the usual executive communication relative policy and the usual executive policy and the usual executi

Under date of July 6, the journal con- restrictions or conditions upon its exercise. | might lawfully adjourn and enact valid laws The thirty-first section of the organic act in pursuance of the organic act of the Terriprovides "that the temporary seat of government of said Territory is hereby located at Fort We do not deem it necessary to inquire

standing."

On the same day the following resolution was adopted by both House of Representatives of the law, as here presented, the Governor, ethor of Representatives of the long of the United States, asking him to remove the Governor, ethor would not have been authorized to have state their reasons as follows, for the allegation that there was an unnecessary loss of islation, and particularly the slavery of the Territory of Kaneas, (the Council concurred to have been authorized to have tion that there was an unnecessary loss of convened the Legislature at "Pawnee City," the division of the Territory into a general convened the Legislature of said Territory than some three months' time after the election in constant the country courts. s, the organization of county courts, ritory do adjourn on the 6th day of July, A. one of the public buildings at Fort Leaven- vening the legislature, and that Pawnee was

public buildings at Fort Leavenworth were needed for military purposes, and that the location of the seat of Government, even having reference to the election and return of the formal the members and the convening of the two the returns. J. W. Whitfield is declared houses for legislative business, the conclusion overnor to be duly elected delegate to is irresistible, that up to this period of time the Governor to be duly elected delegate to is irresistible, that up to this period of time the House of Representatives of the United the Governor had never conceived the idea on Monday, the 16th instant, at the Shawnee priation bill of the 5th of August, 1854, for Manual-Labor School, in the Territory of Kanerect buildings for the temporary seat of Govulent assembiles, having no rightful authority On the 16th of July the two Houses assem- ernment at some more suitable and con-

offices as established and continued by himself during the whole period he exercised the executive functions.

On the 21st of July a message was received tory of Kansas, to be expended under the directions.

create two vacancies in the council, and nine instance, and in another ordered a new elecis the House of Representatives of the Tertion in reference to other districts." But Signed by the officers and members of both laws, was not within the limits or jurisdiction Mission, where the legislature enacted these

Congress, by some other provision, has imposed school was a place to which the legislature

not a suitable place for them to meet.

[Concluded on third page.]